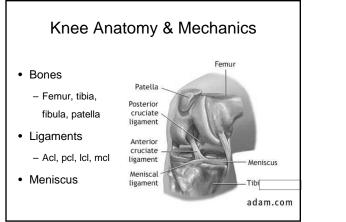
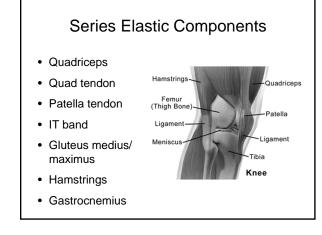
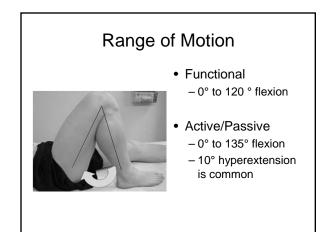


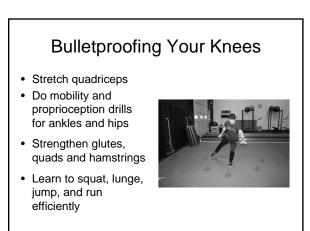
## **REMINDER**:

Obtain medical clearance and physician's release prior to beginning an exercise program for clients with medical or orthopedic concerns.

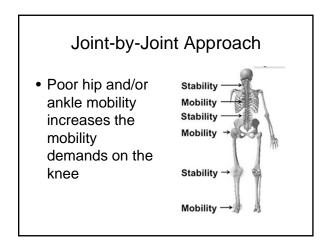








# Band Assisted Quad & IT Band Stretches



#### Ankle Range of Motion

- 10-30° of Dorsiflexion w/ knee extended
- Assessment
  - Stand with foot 6" from wall
  - Without lifting heal attempt to touch the wall with the knee



#### Hip Range of Motion

- Hip flexion
- Hip extension
- Hip external rotation

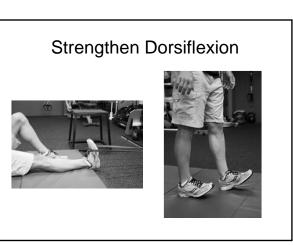
   In flexion
  - -In extension
- Hip internal rotation – In flexion
  - -In extension



#### Improving Dorsiflexion

- Self-myofascial or active release stretching
  - Plantar fascia
  - -Gastroc/soleus
- Tools
  - -Racket ball
  - -Tennis ball
  - -Golf ball





#### Strengthen the Glutes in all Planes of Motion



#### Weak hip abductors & external rotators common in knee pain

 Use multi-vector and loading to optimize strength of the hip muscles

#### Barbell Hip Thrust

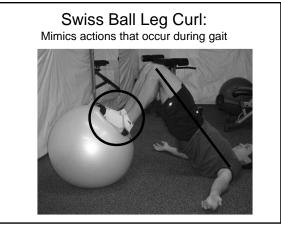


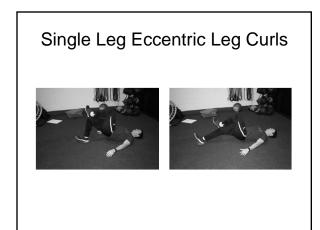
 Arguably the best direct "glute" strengthening exercise

#### Crab Walk with Elastic Ring

- Perform 1<sup>st</sup> as a side-step walk laterally
- Progress to linear walking
- Maintain foot, knee and hip alignment







#### Single Leg Reach / RDL



- Contra-lateral resistance encourages free limb/hip to maintain alignment
- ROM restricted by hip extension on free hip

# Nordic Hamstring Curl Begin with negatives Try single leg variations Use bands for assistance

- Use dbs, bands, weight vest for resistance
- Glute-hamstring bench

#### Functional Exercises for Strong Knees

- Squats
- Lunges
- Step-ups
- Jump training



#### Squat for Strong Knees

- A body weight squat below "parallel" is a great example of balanced strength & flexibility at the knee
- Depth for strength training and mobility are different
- Parallel squat under load is advisable

#### Correcting Knee Position



- Center of the patella should track over the 2<sup>nd</sup>
   / 3<sup>rd</sup> toe with weight balanced evenly between ball of foot and heel
- Use RNT reactive neuromuscular training techniques

#### Additional Tips for Squatting

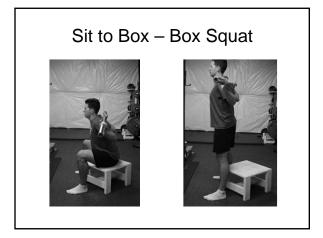
- · Descend slowly
  - Quick, forceful contraction of quads during descent can stress patellar tendon
- Glute activation drills before squats
- Hamstring curls before squats



### The Goblet Squat

- Can be performed with one dumbbell held under the chin
- Allows for more upright torso while learning the basic movement







#### Step Down - Facing Step

- Descend under control
- Avoid using the nonworking limb to pushoff
- Start with a 6-8 inch step height
- Avoid progressing to a high step too soon
  - Generates high PF compression forces



#### Forward vs. Reverse Lunge

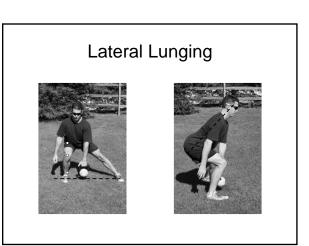
- Emphasis on the Glute
- Spine MUST remain neutral throughout
- Loads the front leg more effectively and prevents back-leg loading
- Front knee does not cross ball of the foot



#### Walking Lunge

- Back-loaded barbell, low bar position on traps
- Long stride with slight knee flexion on back leg, stretching the psoas & rectus femoris
  - Increases prestretch opposite hamstring/glute





#### The Clock Lunge

Try it with a ball toss, increase speed, hit a balloon





#### Jumps & Landing Mechanics

- Implicated in most forms of knee pain and injury
- Teach client to land on ball of foot with chest directly above and back extended
- Immediately upon ground contact... "sit back" and drop to the heels
- Client should squat slightly to absorb the ground reaction forces



#### Jump Training Basics

- · Requires coordination
  - Sustain posture
  - Immediately flex knees after ground contact
  - Dynamic muscle control
    Eccentric strength
- Flexibility
- Conditioning
  - Role of fatigue



#### Training Change of Direction

- Forward to backward
- Side-to-side
- Forward-to-back, right to left
- Jump to run
  - Add directional change





# Learn to Run Efficiently - Use gravity - Use gravity - Land on the mid-foot - Front of the heal - 90-96 strides per min - Use the hamstrings - Pick up your foot